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## **Title: SURAH KITAAB**

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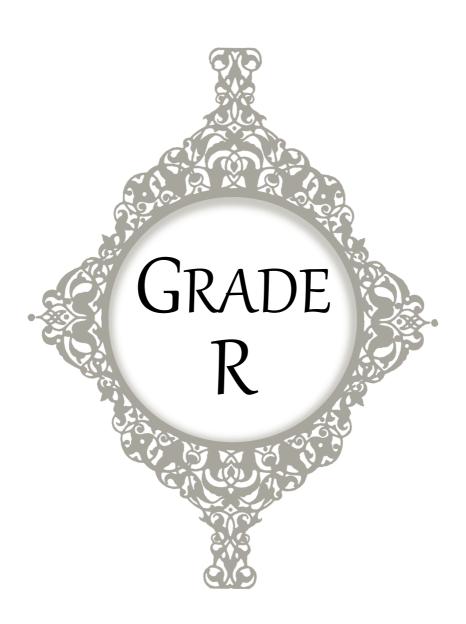
# **CONTENTS**

**Date Completed** 

Assess

Grade R	1	
Surah Faatihah	2	
Surah Ikhlaas	3	
Surah Kausar	3	
Surah Naas	4	
Last Three Verses of Surah Saaffaat	4	
Grade One	5	
Surah Asr	6	
Surah Falaq	6	
Surah Lahab	7	
Surah Nasr	7	
Surah Bani Israa'eel – Aayah 110-111	8	
Grade Two	9	
Surah Ma'oon	10	
Surah Kaafiroon	10	
Surah Quraish	11	
Surah Feel	11	
Surah Aali Imraan - Aayah: 26 - 27	12	
Grade Three	13	
Surah Takaasur	14	
Surah Humaza		

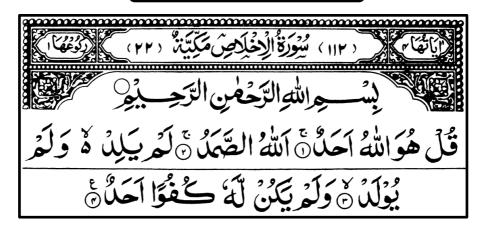
Surah Alqaari'ah	15	
Surah 'Aadiyaat	16	
Aayatul Kursi (Surah Baqarah Aayah: 255)	17	
Grade Four	18	
Surah Qadr	19	
Surah Zilzaal	19	
Surah Teen	20	
Surah Inshiraah	21	
Surah Hashr – Aayah: 22-24	22	
Grade Five & Six	23	
Grade Five & Six		
	24	
Surah Duhaa	24	
Surah DuhaaSurah Yaaseen	24	
Surah Duhaa Surah Yaaseen Surah Baqarah - Aayah: 284 - 286	24 25 34 35	
Surah Duhaa  Surah Yaaseen  Surah Baqarah - Aayah: 284 - 286  Surah 'Alaq	24	
Surah Duhaa  Surah Yaaseen  Surah Baqarah - Aayah: 284 - 286  Surah 'Alaq  Surah Bayyinah	24	
Surah Duhaa  Surah Yaaseen  Surah Baqarah - Aayah: 284 - 286  Surah 'Alaq  Surah Bayyinah  Grade Seven	24	



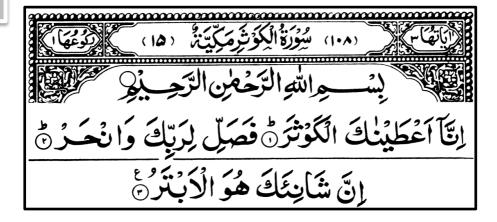
## **SURAH FAATIHAH**



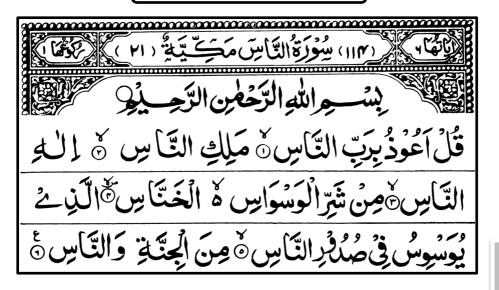
## **SURAH IKHLAAS**



## **SURAH KAUSAR**



## **SURAH NAAS**



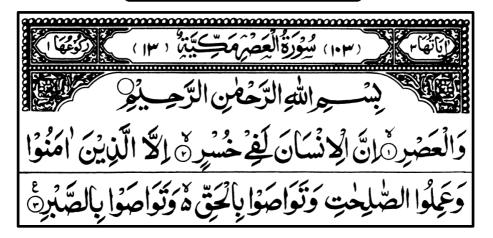
## **ADVANCE SYLLABUS**

## **LAST THREE VERSES OF SURAH SAAFFAAT**

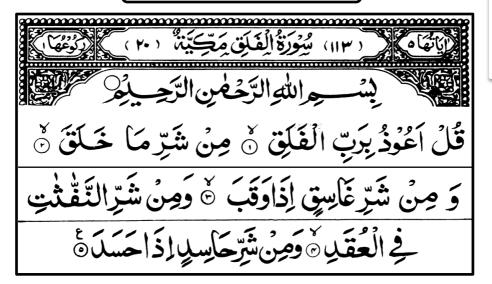
سُبِطَى رَبِّكَ رَبِّ الْعِنَّةِ عَبَّا يَصِفُونَ ﴿ وَسَلَمُ عَلَى الْمُنْ الْعُلَمِينَ ﴿ وَسَلَمُ عَلَا الْمُنْ سَلِينَ ﴿ وَالْحَمُدُ اللَّهِ رَبِّ الْعُلَمِينَ ﴿ وَالْحَمُدُ اللَّهِ رَبِ الْعُلَمِينَ ﴿



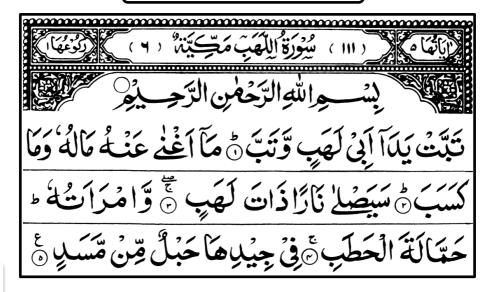
## **SURAH ASR**



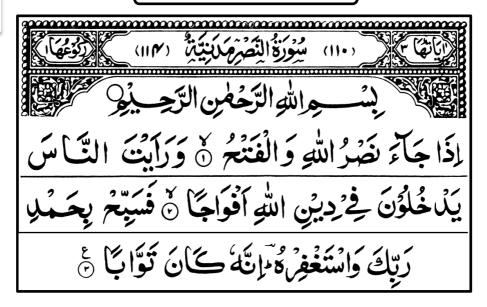
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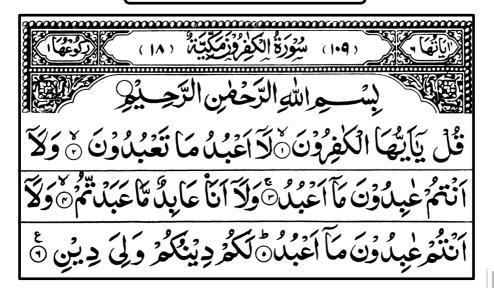
## **ADVANCE SYLLABUS**

## SURAH BANI ISRAA'EEL - AAYAH 110-111

# قُل ا دُعُوا الله ارو ا دُعُوا الرَّحُلَى الله الله الكُف الكُف الحُسنى ا دُعُوا الرَّحْ الحُسنى الدُعُوا الرَّحْ الرَّحْ الحُسنى وَلا نَجْهَرُ بِصَلَا تِكَ وَلَا نَخَافِ فَ بِهَا وَابْنَغِ بَيْنَ وَلَا نَجْهَرُ بِصَلَا تِكَ وَلَا نَخَافِ فِي الْمَنْ اللهِ الذِي كَمْ يَنْتُخِذُ وَلَكَ اللهِ الذِي كَمْ يَنْتُخِذُ وَلَا الْحَمْلُ اللهِ الذِي كَمْ يَنْتُخِذُ وَلَكُمْ يَكُنُ الله اللهِ الذَّي الله الله وَلَمْ يَكُنُ الله الله وَلَمْ يَكُنُ الله الله وَلَمْ يَكُنُ الله وَلَمْ يَكُنُ الله وَلِي مِنْ الله الله وَلِي مِنْ الله الله وَلَمْ يَكُنُ الله وَلَمْ يَكُنُ الله وَلِي مِنْ الله الله وَلَمْ يَكُنُ الله الله وَلَمْ يَكُنُ الله الله وَلَمْ يَكُنُ الله وَلِي مِنْ الله الله وَلَكُونُ الله وَلَمْ يَكُنُ الله وَلَمْ يَكُنُ الله وَلَمْ الله وَلَمْ يَكُنُ الله وَلَمْ يَكُنُ الله وَلَمْ يَكُنُ الله وَلَمْ يَكُنُ الله وَلَمْ الله وَلَمْ الله وَلِي الله وَلَمْ الله وَلِي الله وَلَوْ الله وَلَمْ الله وَلَهُ الله وَلَهُ عَلَى الله وَلِي الله وَلَوْ الله وَلِي الله وَلَهُ وَلِي الله وَلْمُ وَلِي الله وَلِي الله وَلِي الله وَلِي الله وَلِي الله وَلِي



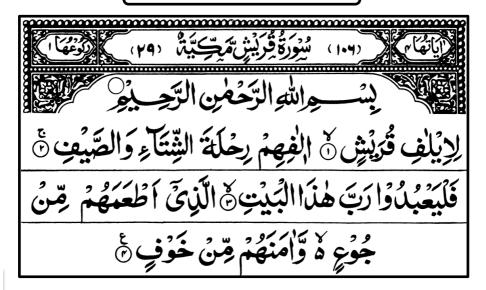
## **SURAH KAAFIROON**



## SURAH MA'OON



## **SURAH QURAISH**



## **SURAH FEEL**



# **ADVANCE SYLLABUS**

## Surah Aali Imraan - Aayah: 26 - 27

فُلِ اللَّهُمَّ مَلِكَ الْمُلُكِ ثُوْتِ الْمُلُكَ مَنْ نَشَاءُ وَتَنْزِعُ الْمُلُكَ مِمَّنُ تَشَاءُ وَتَعِرْكُ الْمُلُكَ مِمَّنُ تَشَاءُ وَتَعِرِكُ الْمُلُكَ مِمَّنُ تَشَاءُ وَيَكِرُ وَتَعِرِكَ الْحَيْرُ وَتَعِرِكَ الْحَيْرُ وَتَعَرِيلِكَ الْحَيْرُ وَتَعْرِيلِكَ الْحَيْرُ وَتَعْرِيلِكَ الْحَيْرِ وَتَعْرِيمُ النَّهَايِ وَعَلَيْ النَّهَارِ فَي النَّهَارِ وَتَعْرِيمُ الْحَيْرِ مِنَ الْمَيْتِ وَتَعْرِيمُ الْحَيْرُ مِنَ الْمَيْتِ وَتَعْرِيمُ الْحَيْرُ مِنَ الْمَيْتِ وَتَعْرِيمُ الْحَيْرِ مِنَ الْمَيْتِ وَتَوْرُ وَتَعْرِيمُ الْحَيْرُ مِنَ الْمَيْتِ وَتَعْرِيمُ الْمَيْتِ وَتَعْرِيمُ الْمَيْتِ وَتَعْرِيمُ الْمَيْتِ وَتَعْرِيمُ الْمَيْتِ وَتَعْرِيمُ الْمَيْتِ وَنَا الْمَيْتِ وَتَعْرِيمُ الْمَيْتِ وَنَا الْحَيْرِ وَتَعْرِيمُ الْمَيْتِ وَمِنَ الْمَيْتِ وَتَعْرِيمُ الْمُيْتِ وَمِنَ الْمَيْتِ وَمِنَ الْمُيْتِ وَتَعْرِيمُ الْمُيْتِ وَمِنَ الْمَيْتِ وَمِنَ الْمُيْتِ وَمِنَ الْمُيْتِ وَمِنَ الْمُيْتِ وَمِنَ الْمُيْتِ وَمِنَ الْمُؤْمِدُ وَتَعْرِيمُ الْمُيْتِ وَمِنَ الْمُيْتِ وَمِنَ الْمُيْتِ وَمِنَ الْمُؤْمِدُ وَتُونُ وَالْمُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الْمُؤْمِدُ وَالْمُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللللّهُ الللللّهُ اللّهُ اللللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الل



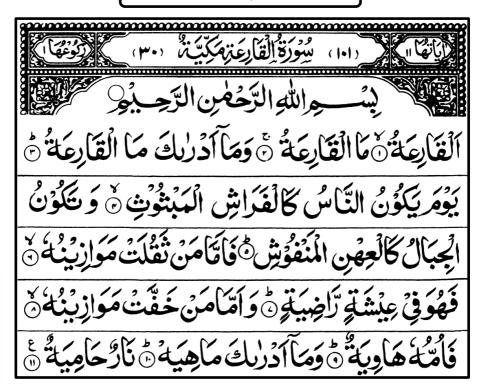
## **SURAH HUMAZA**



## **SURAH TAKAASUR**



## SURAH ALQAARI'AH



## SURAH 'AADIYAAT

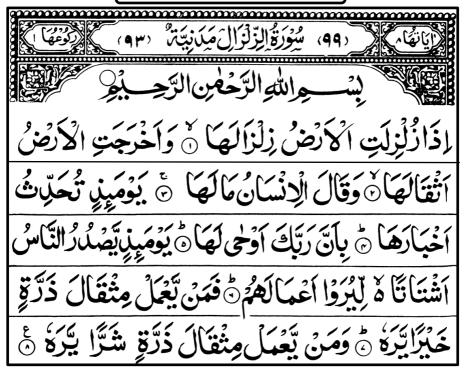


## **ADVANCE SYLLABUS**

## AAYATUL KURSI (SURAH BAQARAH AAYAH: 255)



## **SURAH ZILZAAL**



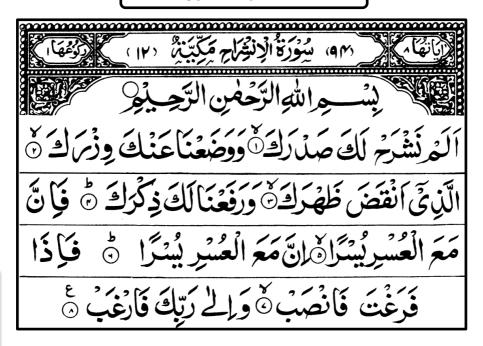
## **SURAH QADR**



# **SURAH TEEN**



## **SURAH INSHIRAAH**



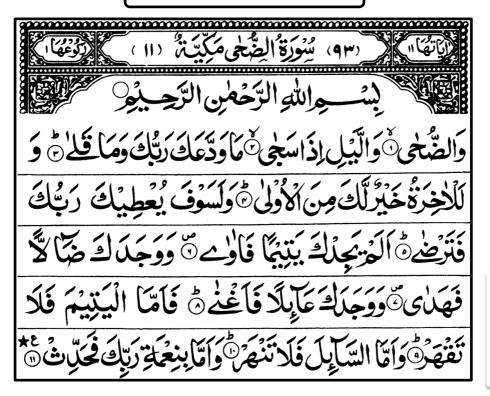
## **ADVANCE SYLLABUS**

## SURAH HASHR - AAYAH: 22-24

هُواللهُ النّبِي كَآلِلهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ هُوء عُلِمُ الْتَحِبْمُ ﴿ عُلِمُ الْغَيْبِ وَ الشّهَادُةِ ، هُوَ الرّحْمُنُ الرّحِبْمُ ﴿ هُواللهُ النّبُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ وَمِنُ المُهَابُينُ الْعَزِيْزُ الْجَبّارُ الْمُتَكِيرُ وَ السّلَمُ الْمُؤْمِنُ المُهُبُينُ الْعَزِيْزُ الْجَبّارُ الْمُتَكِيرُ وَ السّلَمُ المُؤْمِنُ المُهُبُينُ الْعَزِيزُ الْجَبّارُ الْمُتَكِيرُ وَ السّلَمُ اللّهُ الْمُنْ الْمُعْرَاللّهُ الْحَلْمُ اللّهُ الْمُكَالِقُ الْبَارِئُ الْمُسْتَحِلُ لَهُ مَا فِي السّلَمُ اللّهُ الْمُسْتَحِلُ لَهُ مَا فِي السّلَمُ اللّهُ الْمُنْ وَهُو الْعَنْ اللّهُ الْمُكَامِينُ وَلَا الْمُسْتَحِلُ اللّهُ الْمُنْ الْمُعْرَالِينُ الْمُكَامِنُ وَهُو الْعَنْ الْمُنْ الْمُكَامِنُ وَهُو الْعَنْ الْمُنْ الْمُكَامِنُ وَهُو الْعَنْ الْمُعَلِّمُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الْمُنْ الْمُنْ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ الللللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ



## **SURAH DUHAA**



## **SURAH YAASEEN**



٥٠ فَبَشِّنُ هُ بِمَغُفِى تَوْ وَّاجْرِركر يُعِينَ إِنَّا نَحْنُ نُحُ وِنَكُنْتُ مَا قَتَّامُوا وَإِنَّا رَهُمْ ۖ وَكُلَّا بن ﴿ وَاضْرِبُ بِثَالِثِ فَقَا لُوْ ٓ إِنَّا إِلَيْكُمْ قَالُوا مَآ اَنْتُمُ إِلَّا لِشَرُّ مِّنْكُنَا ﴿ وَمَآ اَنْزِلَ شَىٰءِ ١٤ن أَنْ تُمُرِ إِلَّا كَالَٰذِ بُوْنَ ۞ قَالُوْا رَبُّبُدُ إِنَّآ إِلَيْكُمْ لَمُرْسَلُونَ ﴿ وَمَا عَلَيْنَآ إِلَّا الْبِلَّاخُ الْمِي قَالُوْآاتًا تُطَيِّرُنَا بِكُوْ لِينَ لِّهُ تَنْتَهُوْا لَنَرْجُمَتَّكُ

# ﴾ مِنُ بَعْدِهِ مِنْ جُنْدٍ مِنَ السَّمَا

جُون الْقَدِيمِ ولا نُغِرَ قُهُمْ فَلا صَرِيْخِ إِلَّا رَخِهَ مِّنَّا وَمَتَاعًا

وَإِذَا قِيْلَ لَهُمُ اتَّقُواْ مَا بَانَ آيْدِيكُمْ وَمَا كأنؤا غنها مغج مِمَّا رَنَّ قَكُمُ اللَّهُ ﴿ قَالَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوْا لِلَّذِبْنَ امَنُوْآ لَّوْبِيثًا وُ اللَّهُ ٱطْعَبُهُ ﴿ إِنَّ ٱنْتُمُ الَّا ، مُّبِبُنِ ﴿ وَيَقُولُونَ مَتْ هٰذَا الْوَعْ مِنْ مَّرْفَدِ نَا سَبِة هٰذَا مَا لُونَ ﴿ إِنْ لَهُ اللَّهُ فَإِذَا هُمُ جَيْعٌ لَّكَانِنَا مُحْضَرُ وْنَ ﴿

ِ نَفْسُ شَنِيًا وَلا تُجْزَوْنَ إِلَّا اغَيُدُونِي ﴿ هٰذَا صِرَاطً

استكنفُوا الصِّراط فَكَنَّ بُبُصِرُون ﴿ وَلَوْ كأنتيهم فكااستطاعوا مُ عُلَّا مُد مُضِيًّا وَلا يُرْجِعُونَ ﴿ وَمَنْ نَعُمِّرُهُ نَكِيْتُ وَ ئَخَلِّقُ الْفَلَا يَعْقِلُونَ @وَمَا عَلَّمُنْهُ الشَّعْ) وَمَا لَهُ اللَّهِ هُوَالَّا ذِكْرٌ وَقُوْلُ مُّبِأِنُّ ﴿ لَّكِنْ مَنْ كَانَ حَبًّا وَّيَحِقُّ الْقُولُ عَكَمَ الْكُفِرِينَ ۞ أَوَ يَرُوا أَتَّا خَلَقُنَا لَهُمْ مِّتَّا عَمِلَتُ أَيْدِيْنَآ أَنْعَا مَّا نَهُمْ لَهَا مُلِكُونَ ﴿ وَذَلَّلْنَهَا لَهُمْ فَبِنُهَا زُكُونِهُمْ وَمِنْهَا يَأْكُلُونَ ﴿ وَلَهُمْ فِيهَا مَنَافِعُ وَمَشَارِبُ اللَّهِ مَا كُرُوُنَ ﴿ وَاتَّخَذُوا مِنْ دُوْنِ اللَّهِ ٱلْهِ ٱلْهِ ٱلْهِ ٱلْهَاكُ نَ ﴿ لا يُسْتَطِيعُونَ لُّ مُّحْضَرُونَ ﴿ فَلَا يَجْزُنْكَ قُولُهُمْ مِ إِنَّ نَعْلَمُ مَا يُسِرُّونَ وَمَا يُعْلِنُونَ

## Surah Yaaseen

Hadhrat 'Ata ibn Abi Rabaah (rahimahullah) says that Rasulullah مَا اللهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلِي عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْ عَلَيْهِ عَلِي عَلِي عَلَيْهِ عَلِي عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَي

Hadhrat Anas (radiyallahu anhu) reports that Rasulullah مَا الله عَالَهُ said, "Everything has a heart, and a heart of the Qur-aan is Surah Yaaseen." Whoever reads Surah Yaaseen, Allah Ta'ala records for him a reward equal to that of reading the whole Qur-aan ten times. (Tirmizi #2887)

According to another Hadith, Allah Ta'ala recited Surah Yaaseen and Surah Taha 1000 years before the creation of the heavens and the earth. On hearing this, the Angels said: Blessing is for that Ummat unto whom the Qur-aan will be sent down, blessings is for the hearts which will bear it (memorise it) and blessings for tongues which will recite it."

There is another narration which says: "Whoever reads Surah Yaaseen for the pleasure of Allah Ta'ala only, all his previous sins will be forgiven. Therefore, make a practice of reading this Surah over your dead." According to another Hadith, Surah Yaaseen is named in the Torah as Mun'mah (giver of good things) because it contains benefits for its readers in this life as well as in the Hereafter, it removes from him the affliction of this world and the next and takes away the dread of the next life.

This Surah is also Known as Raafi'ah and Khaafidah (that which exalts the status of the believers and degrades the unbelievers.) According to a Hadith, Rasulullah مَعْ عَلَيْهُ عَلِيهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلِيهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلِيهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلِي عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلِيهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَل

It is reported yet in another Hadith that: "Whoever reads it in hunger, will be satisfied; whoever reads it while having lost his way, will find his way; whoever reads it on losing an animal, will find the same. When one reads it apprehending that his food will run short, that food will become sufficient; and if one reads it besides a person who is in the agonies of death, his agonies will be made easy for him; and if anyone reads it on a woman experiencing difficulty in childbirth, her delivery will become easy."

"If Surah Yaaseen is read by one who fears the ruler or enemy, will have his fears removed." (Fazaail-e-Qur-aan)

#### Surah Baqarah - Aayah: 284 - 286

مُ أَوْ تُخْفُونُهُ بِكَاسِبُكُمْ بِلِحِ اللهُ الله مِنْ يَشَاءُ وَيُعَنِّيبُ مَنْ يَشَاءُ وَاللَّهُ عَكَ لْ شَيْءٍ قَلِ يُرُّ ﴿ امَنَ الرَّسُولُ بِهَآ انْنِ رَّبِّهِ وَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ ۚ كُلُّ امَرٍ، لَا ﴾ وَكُنْبِهِ وَرُسُلِهِ ۗ لَا نُفَرِّقُ بَيْنَ آحَ بِنْ رُسُلِهِ سَوْقًالُوُا سَبِمُعْنَا وَاطَعْنَا تُغْفُرُانِكَ لِيُكَ الْمُصِبِرُ وَلَا يُكَلِّفُ اللهُ نَفْسًا كسبت وعكنها مااد خِذُنَّانَ إِنَّ نُسِينَآ أَوْ ٱلْحِطَأْنَا ، رَتَّ تَحْمِلُ عَلَيْنَا إِصْراكَمَا حَمِلْتُهُ عَلَى تُحتلنا ما لاطاقة لنابه مِنْ قَبُلْنَا وَكُنَّا وَلَا واعُفُ عَنَّا ﴿ وَاغْفِي لَنَا ﴿ وَارْحَمْنَا ﴿ مَا أَنَّكُ مُولِّكًا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ مُولِّكًا اللّ فَأَنْصُرُنَّا عَلَى الْقَوْمِ الْكُلِفِرِينَ هَٰ

# ADVANCE SYLLABUS - GRADE 6

# SURAH 'ALAQ



#### **SURAH BAYYINAH**

عُ صِّنَ اللَّهِ يَتِنَانُوا صِّحُفًا صُّمَّا عُصِّنَ اللَّهِ يَتِنَانُوا صِّحُفًا صَّمَّا الَّذِينَ أُوْتُوا الَّه بِنَ لَهُ الرِّينَ أَهُ حُنَفًا



#### **SURAH MULK**

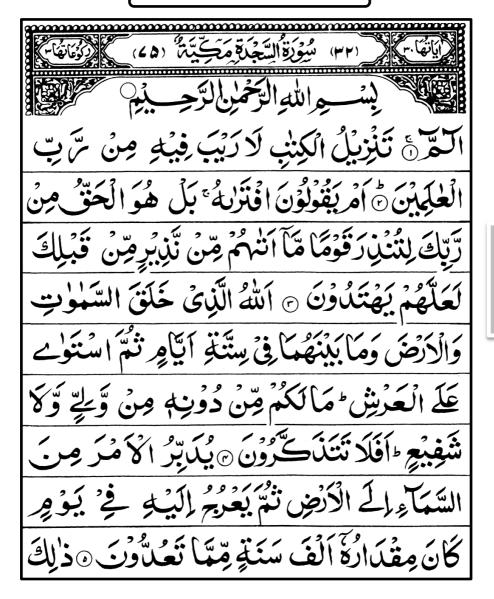
# قَدِيْرُ ۗ أَالَّذِي خَلَقَ الْمُوْتَ وَالْحَلِوَةُ لِيَهِ أَيُّكُمْ أَحْسَنُ عَمَلًا ﴿ وَهُوَ الْعَزِنْزُ الْغَفُورُ ۚ الَّذِي خَلَقَ سَبْعَ سَمُوٰتٍ طِبَاقًا ﴿ مَا تَرْكِ فِي خَلْقِ الرَّحْطِنِ مِنْ تَفْوُتٍ ۚ فَارْجِعِ الْبَصَى ﴿ هَلَ تَرْى مِنْ فُطُوْرِ ثُمُّ ارْجِعِ الْبَصَرَ كَرَّتَابُن يَنْقَلِبُ إِلَيْكَ الْبَصُرُ وَّهُوَحَسِنُرُ ۞ وَلَقَلْ زَتَنَّا السَّمَاءَ التُّانِيرَ لنْهَا رُجُوْمًا لِلشَّيْطِيْنِ وَاغْتَدُنَّا لَهُ عَنَابَ السَّعِبُرِ وَلِلَّذِيْنَ كَفَرُوْا بِرَبِّهِمْ عَذَابُ نُّمُ ﴿ وَبِئُسُ الْمَصِيْرُ ۞ إِذًا ٱلْقُوْا فِيْهَا سَمِعُوْا مِنْقًا وَهِي تَفُوْرُ ثَكَادُ تَمُكَّرُ مِنَ الْعَيْظِ ﴿

فِي فِيهَا فَوْجُ سَأَلُهُمُ ذِيْرُ⊙ قَالُوا كِلِّے قَلْ جِهَاءَ كَا كَذِيْرٌ ۚ أَ فَكُ كَ اللَّهُ مِنْ شَكِيءٍ ﴾ إنْ أَنْتُمُ وَقَالُوا لَوْ كُنَّا نَسْمَعُ آوْ بِ السَّعِيْرِ ﴿ فَاعْتَكُوفُوا بِـذَ صُحْبِ السَّعِبُرِ ﴿ إِنَّ الَّذِبْنَ لَهُمْ مَّغْفِمُ ﴿ وَآجِرُكِبِيرٌ ﴿ هُوُا بِهِ ﴿ إِنَّهُ عَلِيْكُمْ بِذَاتِ مَنْ خَلَقَ ۗ وَهُوَاللَّطِيْفُ الْ ، لَكُمُ الْأَرْضَ ذَلُوْلًا فَامْشُوا فِي مَ وْامِنْ رِنْ قِهِ مُ وَالْبُهِ فِي السَّمَاءِ أَنْ يَخْسِفَ بِكُمُ الْأَنْهُنَ نَّمُ مِّنُ فِي السَّمَاءِ أَنْ يُّرْسِلَ عَلَيْكَ

ء فَسَتَعُكُمُونَ كَيْفَ نَذِيرِ ﴿ وَلَقَلُ كُنَّابَ الَّذِيْنَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ قُكَيْفَ كَأَنَ نَكِبْرِ۞أُولَهُمْ يَرُوْا إِلَى الطَّابِرِ فَوْقَعُمْ طَفَّتِ وَّ يَقْبِضُنَ مِّ مَا يُمُسِكُمُنَّ إِلَّا الرَّحْمُنُ ﴿ إِنَّهُ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ ، بَصِيْرٌ ﴿ اَمَّنَ هَٰذَا الَّذِي هُوجُنْكُ لَّكُمْ يَنْصُرُكُمْ مِّنْ دُوْنِ الرَّحْمُنِ ط إِن الْكُفِرُونَ إِلَّا فِي غُرُورٍ ﴿ أَمَّنَ هَٰذَا الَّذِبَّ يَرْزُقُكُمُ إِنَ أَمْسَكَ رِنْ قَهْ ، بَلَ لَجُوْا فِي عُتُو ۗ وَ نُفُورِ ۞ أَفَكُنُ يَّنْشِي مُكِبًّا عَلَا وَجُهِمَ ۖ أَهُلَاكُ ُ مَّنْ يَمُشِي سُويًّا عَكَ صِرَاطٍ مُّسْتَقِيْمِ ﴿ قُلْ هُوَ الَّذِكُّ ٱنْشَاكُمْ وَجَعَلَ لَكُمْ السَّمْعَ وَ الْأَبْصَارَ وَ الْاَفْيِهَ ۚ اللَّهِ لَٰ اللَّهُ عَنَّا تَشُكُرُونَ ۞ قُلْ هُوَ الَّذَى ذَرَاكُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ وَإِلَيْهِ تُحْشَرُونَ ﴿ وَيَقُولُونَ مَتْ هٰذَا الْوَعْلُ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صِبِقِنْ

# **ADVANCE SYLLABUS**

## **SURAH SAJDAH**



وَالشُّهَادَةِ الْعَزِبْزُ الرَّحِيْ أَشَىءُ خَلَقَهُ وَبَكَا ِنُ سُلَاثِةٍ مِّنُ مَّا وَالْأُفْهَاةُ وَلِيلًا مَّا رِهُ بَلْ هُمْ بِلِقًا الْمَوْتِ الَّذِي وُكِّ

اً وْفُوا بِمَا نَسِيْنُمُ لِقَاءَ يَوْمِكُمُ هَٰذَا \* وْقُوْا عَنَابَ الْخُ يُؤْمِنُ بِالْبِيْنَا الَّذِينَ إِذَا ذُكِّ اوسيحوا بحثي أفكن كان لَكُنْ كَانَ فَاسِقًا ﴿ لَكَ بَشَنُونَ ﴿ آمًّا الَّذِبُنَ كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ ۞ وَأَمَّا الَّذِيْنَ فَسَفُّوا اَرَادُوْٓا اَنْ يَخُرُحُوا مِنْهَاۤ اُعِيُلُوْا وَقِيْلَ لَهُمْ ذُوْفُواْ عَنَابَ النَّارِ الَّذِي ﴿

خُرِجُ بِهِ زَرْعًا تَأْكُلُ مِنْهُ ٱنْعَامُ

SURAH SAJDAH

اَفَلَا يُبْصِرُونَ ﴿ وَيَقُولُونَ مَنَى هَٰذَا الْفَتْحُ إِنَ كُنْنَهُ صِدُوبُنَ ﴿ وَيَقُولُونَ مَنَى هَٰذَا الْفَتْحُ الَّذِينَ كُنْنَهُ صَدِقِبُنَ ﴿ قُلْ يَوْمُ الْفَنْجِ لَا يَنْفَعُ الَّذِينَ كُنْنَهُ صَدِينَ فَلَ يَوْمُ الْفَنْجِ لَا يَنْفَعُ الَّذِينَ فَا كُونَ اللَّهُ اللَّ



#### **VIRTUES OF SURAH FAATIHAH**

- 1. Hadhrat Abdul Malik ibn Umair (rahimahullah) reports that Rasulullah مَمْ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ said, "In Surah Faatihah, there is a cure for all sicknesses." (Sunan Daarimi #3413)
- 2. Ibn 'Abbaas (radiyallahu anhuma) says that once Jibreel (alayhis salaam) was sitting by Rasulullah when he heard a loud sound above him. So he raised his head and said "Today, a door has been opened in the sky which was never opened before, and out of it came down an angel who had never come down before. The angel said to me, "Receive the good news of two anwaar (lights) which have not been given to any Nabi before you. One is Surah Faatihah and the other the last few aayaat of Surah Baqarah. You will never recite any of the duaas (contained within them) except that you will be granted it." These two Surahs have been called Noor because on the Day of Qiyaamah they will travel in front of their readers (brightening up their path). (Saheeh Muslim #806)

# VIRTUES OF MU-AWWAZATAIN (SURAH FALAQ & SURAH NAAS)

- 1. Surah Falaq and Surah Naas are a gift to us by Allah, which we can use to seek His refuge from internal and external evils. The whispering of shaytaan, attacks from jinns, evil eye of those around us, jealousy and envy are all poisonous enemies that these beautiful surahs can safeguard us from.
- 2. Uqbah bin 'Amir (radiyallahu anhu) narrates: "Rasulullah صَالَاتُهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَالًا وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّا اللَّهُ الل
- 3. Rasulullah مَتْ اَلِمَتُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ used to seek refuge with Allah from the jinn and from the evil eye until the Mu'awwazatain were revealed, and

when they were revealed he started to recite them and not anything else. (Tirmizi #2058))

4. The beloved wife of Rasulullah مَا الله بَالله بَاله بَالله ب

## **VIRTUES OF SURAH IKHLAAS**

- 1. Abu Sa'eed al-Khudri (radiyallahu anhu) narrates that a person heard a man reciting Qul huwallaahu ahad (Surah Ikhlaas) repeatedly. In the morning he went to the Prophet مَا مَا اللهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ مَا اللهُ and related this to him. It seemed as if this person considered this (repeated recitation of Surah Ikhlaas) to be insignificant. Rasulullah مَا اللهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ وَسَلَّمُ therefore said: "I take an oath by that Being in whose control is my life, it certainly equals to one third of the Qur-aan." (Bukhari #5013)
- 2. Hazrat Anas (radiyallahu anhu) has reported the saying of Rasulullah مَا لَمُنْعَالِينَ that, "If anyone who is about to sleep on his bed lies on his right side, then recited Surah Ikhlaas 100 times, Allah will say to him on the Day of the resurrection, 'O My slave! Enter Paradise to your right side." (Tirmizi #2898)

#### **VIRTUES OF SURAH NASR**

1. Anas (radiyallahu anhu) reported that Rasulullah صَالَاتُهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَمَ said, 'It is equivalent to a fourth of the Qur-aan.' (Tirmizi #2895)

# VIRTUES OF SURAH ZILZAAL, KAAFIROON & IKHLAAS

1. Abdullah Ibn 'Abbas and Anas Ibn Maalik (radiyallahu anhum) reported that Rasulullah said, 'Whoever recites Surah Zilzaal will get the reward of reciting half the Qur-aan. Whoever recites Surah Kaafiroon will get a reward as if reading a quarter of the Qur-aan. Whoever recites Surah Ikhlaas will get a reward as if reading one third of the Qur-aan.' (Tirmizi #2893)

## VIRTUES OF SURAH TAKAASUR

1. Hadhrat Umar (radiyallahu anhu) narrates that Rasulullah مَا اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَةُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَةُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَةُ لَا اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَةً لَا اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَةً لَا اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَةً لَا اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَةً للهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَةً للهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَةً للهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَةً للهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَةً للهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَةً للهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَةً للهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَةً لللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَةً لللهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَةً لللهُ اللهُ ال

# **VIRTUE OF SURAH MULK**

- 1. Hadhrat Abu Hurayrah (radiyallahu anhu) narrates that Rasulullah مَا اللهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ مَا said, "There is in the Qur-aan a Surah consisting of thirty aayaat which will intercede for its reader until he is forgiven. This is Surah Tabarakallazi." (Sunan Tirmizi #2891)
- 2. Ibn Abbas (radiyallahu anhu) reports that Rasulullah صَالَاتُهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَالًا said, "I wish that this surah be in the heart of every believer." (Shu'abul Imaan #2277)

# **VIRTUES FOR ADVANCE SYLLABUS**

# VIRTUES OF AAYAAT 110 - 111 OF SURAH BANI ISRAA'EEL

- Hadhrat Ibn Abbaas (Radiyallahu anhu) narrates that Rasulullah مَا الله عَلَيْه عَلَيْه وَالله عَلَيْه وَالله عَلَيْه وَالله عَلَيْه وَالله عَلَيْه وَالله عَلَيْه وَالله عَلَيْهِ وَاللّه عَلَيْهِ وَلِي عَلَيْهِ وَاللّه عَلَيْهِ وَلِي عَلَيْهِ وَاللّه عَلَيْهِ وَاللّه عَلَيْهِ وَلِي عَلَيْهِ وَلِي عَلَيْهِ وَلِي عَلَيْهِ وَلِي عَلَيْهِ وَلِي عَلَيْهِ وَلِي عَلَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَلِي عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ وَلِي عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ وَلِي عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْه
- 2. One Saahaabi from the Muhaajireen used to recite these verses before going to sleep. One day a thief got into his house and gathered all his belongings and moved towards the door. This Muhaajir Sahaabi was awake (watching the entire scene). The thief came to the door and found the door locked. He placed the load down (trying to open the door). He did this thrice. The owner of the house laughed at this sight and said to him, "I have protected my house." (i.e. by reading these verses before sleeping) (Durre Mansoor Vol. 4 Page 373)

# VIRTUES OF AAYAAT: 26 - 27 OF SURAH AALI IMRAAN

1. Rasulullah مَا عَلَيْهُ said to Hazrat Mu'aaz (Radiyallahu anhu), 'Should I not teach you a supplication which, when used to implore Allah Ta'ala, Allah Ta'ala shall pay your debt, even if it be as huge as Mount Uhud? He then mentioned them (i.e. Surah al Imran verse 26 & 27)' (Tabarani)

#### VIRTUES OF AAYATUL KURSI

- 2. Abu Umaamah (Radiyallahu anhu) narrates that Rasulullah مَا اللهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَى said: "Whosoever recites Aayatul Kursi after every Fardh Salaah, nothing will prevent him from entering Jannah except his death."
- 3. Hadhrat Hasan ibn Ali (Radiyallahu anhu) narrates that Rasulullah مَا اللهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلِيهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلِهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْ
- 4. Qatadah (Radiyallahu anhu) narrates that whosoever recites Aayatul Kursi when he goes to sleep, two angels are deputed over him that protect him until he wakes up.

# VIRTUES OF AAYAAT: 22-24 OF SURAH HASHR

1. It has been narrated by Hadhrat Ma'qal Ibn Yasaar (radhiyallahu anhu) that Rasulullah صَالَاتُهُ عَلَيْهُ وَسَالُم said that one who recites thrice in the morning:

followed by the last three verses of Surah Hashr once, Allah Ta'ala will appoint over him 70,000 angels who will beg for his forgiveness.

# VIRTUES OF AAYAAT: 284 - 286 OF SURAH BAQARAH

1. Ibn 'Abbaas (radiyallahu anhuma) says that once Jibreel (alaihis salaam) was sitting by Rasulullah when he heard a loud sound above him. So he raised his head and said, "Today, a door has been opened in the sky which was never opened before, and out of it came down an angel who had never come down before. The angel said to me, "Receive the good news of two anwaar (lights) which have not been given to any Nabi before you. One is Surah Faatihah and the other the last few aayaat of Surah Baqarah. You will never recite any of the duaas (contained within them) except that you will be granted it." These two Surahs have been called Noor because on the Day of

Qiyaamah they will travel in front of their readers (brightening up their path). (Saheeh Muslim #806)

- 2. Abu Mas'ood Al-Ansaari (radiyallahu anhu) narrates that Rasulullah مَا اللهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلِيهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلِيهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهِ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهِ عَلَي
- 3. Hadhrat Abu Zar Ghifaari (radiyallahu anhu) narrates that Rasulullah مَا اللهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ مَا اللهُ said, "Allah Ta'ala completed Surah Baqarah with two verses. He gifted these two verses from a treasure beneath His throne. Learn these aayaat and teach them to your women and children. Indeed these verses are Salaah, Qur-aan and Dua." (Daarimi #3390)
- 4. Nu'maan ibn Basheer مَعْلَيْتُهُ narrates that Rasulullah مَعْلَيْتُهُ said; "Allah Ta'ala had written a book 2000 years before He created the skies and the earth. He revealed two verses (from that book) which ends off Suratul Baqarah. If these two verses are read in a house for three days, shaytaan will not come close to that house. [Tirmizi #2882]

#### VIRTUE OF SURAH SAJDAH

- 1. Hadhrat Jaabir (radiyallahu anhu) narrates that Rasulullah مَا اللهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ would not sleep until he recited Surah Alif Laam Meem Sajdah and Surah Tabarakallazi.
- 2. Hadhrat Abdullah Ibn Umar (radiyallahu anhuma) narrates that Rasulullah مَا اللهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ said: "One who reads Surah Tabaarak and Surah Alif Laam Meem Sajdah between Maghrib and Esha Salaah, it is as though he stood up in Ibaadah on Laylatul Qadar."
- 3. Hadhrat Khalid ibn Ma'daan (radiyallahu anhu) narrates that Rasulullah مَا اللهُ عَلَيْكُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ said: "Surah Alif Laam Tanzeel will fight on behalf of its reciter in the grave saying: 'O Allah! If it is that I am from your

book then accept my intercession on behalf of him; and if it is that I am not from your book then delete me from your book.' Verily it (this surah) shall be like a bird placing its wings over the reciter and interceding on behalf of him and it will then save him from the punishment in the grave."